

**Low Power Single Buffer/Line Driver: 3-state**

**CJ74AUP1G125**      Logic

**1 Introduction**

The CJ74AUP1G125 provides a single non-inverting buffer/line driver with 3-state output. The 3-state output is controlled by the output enable input (/OE). A HIGH level at pin /OE causes the output to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. This device has the input-disable feature, which allows floating input signals. The inputs are disabled when the output enable input /OE is HIGH.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V<sub>CC</sub> range from 0.8V to 3.6V.

**2 Available Packages**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
CJ74AUP1G125	SOT-23-5L
	SOT-353

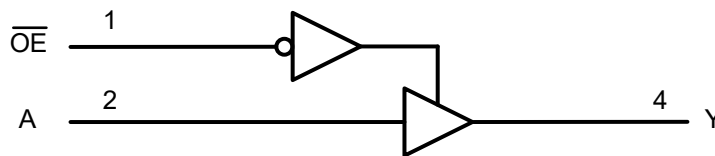
**Note:** For all available packages, please refer to the part Orderable Information.

**3 Features**

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8V to 3.6V
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub>=1uA (maximum)
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6V
- Specified from -40°C to +125°C

**4 Applications**

- Audio Dock: Portable
- BluRay™ Players and Home Theaters
- Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
- Power: Telecom/Server AC/DC Supply: Single Controller: Analog and Digital
- Solid-State Drive (SSD): Client and Enterprise
- TV: LCD/Digital and High-Definition (HDTV)
- Tablet: Enterprise
- Wireless Headsets, Keyboards, and Mice



Simplified schematic

**5 Orderable Information**

DEVICE	PACKAGE	OP TEMP	ECO PLAN	MSL	PACKING OPTION	SORT
CJ74AUP1G125M5N	SOT-23-5L	-40~125°C	RoHS & Green	Level 3 168HR	Tape and Reel 3000 Units / Reel	Active
CJ74AUP1G125R5N	SOT-353	-40~125°C	RoHS & Green	Level 3 168HR	Tape and Reel 3000 Units / Reel	Active

**Note:**

**ECO PLAN:** For the RoHS and Green certification standards of this product, please refer to the official report provided by JSCJ.

**MSL:** Moisture Sensitivity Level. Determined according to JEDEC industry standard classification.

**SORT:** Specifically defined as follows:

Active: Recommended for new products;

Customized: Products manufactured to meet the specific needs of customers;

Preview: The device has been released and has not been fully mass produced. The sample may or may not be available;

NoRD: It is not recommended to use the device for new design. The device is only produced for the needs of existing customers;

Obsolete: The device has been discontinued.

## 6 Pin Configuration and Marking Information

### 6.1 Pin Configuration

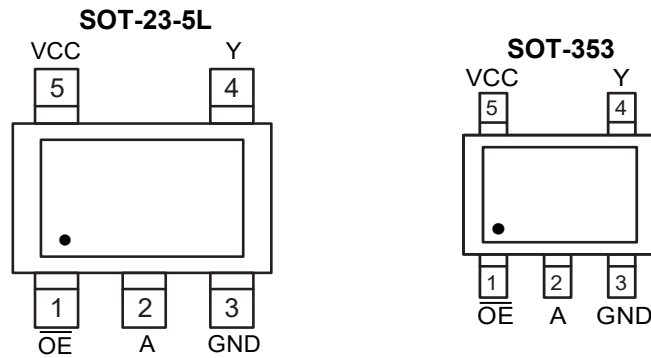


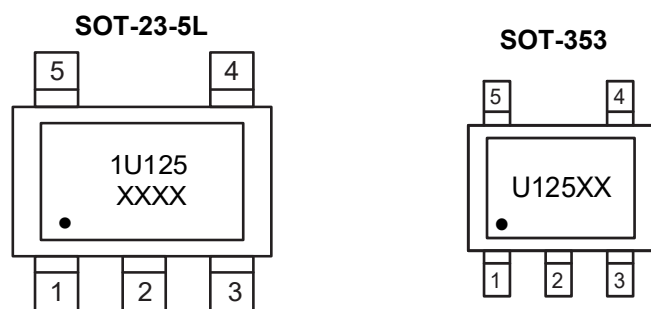
Figure 6-1 Pin configuration

### 6.2 Pin Function

PIN		I/O <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
No.	NAME		
1	$\overline{OE}$	I	Output enable input
2	A	I	Data input
3	GND	G	Ground (0V)
4	Y	O	Data output
5	VCC	P	Supply voltage

(1) I-Input, O-Output, P-Power, G-Ground

### 6.3 Marking Information



XXXX or XX: Code, indicates weekly record information.

## 7 Specifications

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , all voltage referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	-	-0.5	+4.6	V
$I_{IK}$	Input clamping current	$V_I < 0V$	-50	-	mA
$V_I$	Input voltage	-( <sup>1</sup> )	-0.5	+4.6	V
$I_{OK}$	Output clamping current	$V_O < 0V$	-50	-	mA
$V_O$	Output voltage	Active mode( <sup>1</sup> )	-0.5	$V_{CC}+0.5$	V
		Power-down mode( <sup>1</sup> )	-0.5	+4.6	V
$I_O$	Output current	$V_O=0V$ to $V_{CC}$	-	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	-	-	+50	mA
$I_{GND}$	Ground current	-	-50	-	mA
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-	-65	+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation	-	-	250	mW
$T_L$	Soldering temperature	10s	-	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

(1) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

### 7.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	-	0.8	-	3.6	V
$V_I$	Input voltage	-	0	-	3.6	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	Active mode	0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
		Power-down mode; $V_{CC}=0V$	0	-	3.6	V
$T_{amb}$	Ambient temperature	-	-40	-	+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### 7.3 ESD Ratings

SYMBOL	ESD RATINGS		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{ESD-HBM}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM)( <sup>1</sup> )	$\pm 4000$	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

**7.4 Electrical Characteristics**
**7.4.1 DC Characteristics 1**
 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$		$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}=0.9\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$		$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$		1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$		2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$		-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}=0.9\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$		-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$		-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$		-	-	0.9	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	$I_O = -20\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 0.8\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	$V_{CC} - 0.1$	-	-	V
			$I_O = -1.1\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1\text{V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
			$I_O = -1.7\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4\text{V}$	1.11	-	-	V
			$I_O = -1.9\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65\text{V}$	1.32	-	-	V
			$I_O = -2.3\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3\text{V}$	2.05	-	-	V
			$I_O = -3.1\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3\text{V}$	1.9	-	-	V
			$I_O = -2.7\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$	2.72	-	-	V
			$I_O = -4.0\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$	2.6	-	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	$I_O = 20\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 0.8\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	-	-	0.1	V
			$I_O = 1.1\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1\text{V}$	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
			$I_O = 1.7\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4\text{V}$	-	-	0.31	V
			$I_O = 1.9\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65\text{V}$	-	-	0.31	V
			$I_O = 2.3\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3\text{V}$	-	-	0.31	V
			$I_O = 3.1\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3\text{V}$	-	-	0.44	V
			$I_O = 2.7\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$	-	-	0.31	V
			$I_O = 4.0\text{mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$	-	-	0.44	V
$I_I$	Input leakage current	$V_I = \text{GND to }3.6\text{V}; V_{CC} = 0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$		-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; V_O = 0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}; V_{CC} = 0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$		-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OFF}$	Power-off leakage current	$V_I \text{ or } V_O = 0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}; V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$		-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	Additional power-off leakage current	$V_I \text{ or } V_O = 0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}; V_{CC} = 0\text{V to }0.2\text{V}$		-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}; I_O = 0\text{A}; V_{CC} = 0.8\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$		-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Additional supply current	Data input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6\text{V}; I_O = 0\text{A}; V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}^{(1)}$		-	-	40	$\mu\text{A}$

		OE input; $V_I=V_{CC}-0.6V$ ; $I_O=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=3.3V^{(1)}$	-	-	110	uA
		All inputs; $V_I=GND$ to 3.6V; $OE=V_{CC}$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to 3.6V <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	1	uA

(1) One input at  $V_{CC}-0.6V$ , other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

(2) To show  $I_{CC}$  remains very low when the input-disable feature is enabled.

7.4.2 DC Characteristics 2

$T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=0.8V$	$0.70xV_{CC}$	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=0.9V$ to 1.95V	$0.65xV_{CC}$	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=2.3V$ to 2.7V	1.6	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=3.0V$ to 3.6V	2.0	-	-	V	
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	$0.30xV_{CC}$	V	
		$V_{CC}=0.9V$ to 1.95V	-	-	$0.35xV_{CC}$	V	
		$V_{CC}=2.3V$ to 2.7V	-	-	0.7	V	
		$V_{CC}=3.0V$ to 3.6V	-	-	0.9	V	
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_O=-20uA$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to 3.6V	$V_{CC}-0.1$	-	-	V
			$I_O=-1.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$	$0.7xV_{CC}$	-	-	V
			$I_O=-1.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$	1.03	-	-	V
			$I_O=-1.9mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$	1.30	-	-	V
			$I_O=-2.3mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	1.97	-	-	V
			$I_O=-3.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	1.85	-	-	V
			$I_O=-2.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	2.67	-	-	V
			$I_O=-4.0mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	2.55	-	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_O=20uA$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to 3.6V	-	-	0.1	V
			$I_O=1.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$	-	-	$0.3xV_{CC}$	V
			$I_O=1.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$	-	-	0.37	V
			$I_O=1.9mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$	-	-	0.35	V
			$I_O=2.3mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	-	-	0.33	V
			$I_O=3.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	-	-	0.45	V
			$I_O=2.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	-	-	0.33	V
			$I_O=4.0mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	-	-	0.45	V
$I_I$	Input leakage current	$V_I=GND$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$ to 3.6V	-	-	$\pm 1$	uA	
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_I=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $V_O=0V$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$ to 3.6V	-	-	$\pm 1$	uA	
$I_{OFF}$	Power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O=0V$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$	-	-	$\pm 1$	uA	

$\Delta I_{OFF}$	Additional power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O=0V$ to $3.6V$ ; $V_{CC}=0V$ to $0.2V$	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$V_I=GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to $3.6V$	-	-	1	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Additional supply current	$V_I=V_{CC}-0.6V$ ; $I_O=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=3.3V^{(1)}$	-	-	50	$\mu A$
		$\overline{OE}$ input; $V_I=V_{CC}-0.6V$ ; $I_O=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=3.3V^{(1)}$	-	-	120	$\mu A$
		All inputs; $V_I=GND$ to $3.6V$ ; $\overline{OE}=V_{CC}$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to $3.6V^{(2)}$	-	-	1	$\mu A$

(1) One input at  $V_{CC}-0.6V$ , other input at  $V_{CC}$  or  $GND$ .

(2) To show  $I_{CC}$  remains very low when the input-disable feature is enabled.

### 7.4.3 DC Characteristics 3

$T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , voltages are referenced to  $GND$  (ground= $0V$ ), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=0.8V$		$0.75xV_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}=0.9V$ to $1.95V$		$0.70xV_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$		1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$		2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=0.8V$		-	-	$0.25xV_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}=0.9V$ to $1.95V$		-	-	$0.30xV_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$		-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$		-	-	0.9	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_O=-20\mu A$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to $3.6V$	$V_{CC}-0.11$	-	-	V
			$I_O=-1.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$	$0.6xV_{CC}$	-	-	V
			$I_O=-1.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$	0.93	-	-	V
			$I_O=-1.9mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$	1.17	-	-	V
			$I_O=-2.3mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	1.77	-	-	V
			$I_O=-3.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	1.67	-	-	V
			$I_O=-2.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	2.40	-	-	V
			$I_O=-4.0mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	2.30	-	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_O=20\mu A$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to $3.6V$	-	-	0.11	V
			$I_O=1.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$	-	-	$0.33xV_{CC}$	V
			$I_O=1.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$	-	-	0.41	V
			$I_O=1.9mA$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$	-	-	0.39	V
			$I_O=2.3mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	-	-	0.36	V
			$I_O=3.1mA$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$	-	-	0.50	V
			$I_O=2.7mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	-	-	0.36	V
			$I_O=4.0mA$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$	-	-	0.50	V

$I_i$	Input leakage current	$V_i=GND$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$ to 3.6V	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu A$
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_i=V_{IH}$ or $V_{iL}$ ; $V_o=0V$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$ to 3.6V	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu A$
$I_{OFF}$	Power-off leakage current	$V_i$ or $V_o=0V$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	Additional power-off leakage current	$V_i$ or $V_o=0V$ to 3.6V; $V_{CC}=0V$ to 0.2V	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$V_i=GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_o=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to 3.6V	-	-	1	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Additional supply current	$V_i=V_{CC}-0.6V$ ; $I_o=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=3.3V^{(1)}$	-	-	75	$\mu A$
		$\overline{OE}$ input; $V_i=V_{CC}-0.6V$ ; $I_o=0A$ ; $V_{CC}=3.3V^{(1)}$	-	-	180	$\mu A$
		All inputs; $V_i=GND$ to 3.6V; $\overline{OE}=V_{CC}$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$ to 3.6V <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	1	$\mu A$

(1) One input at  $V_{CC}-0.6V$ , other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

(2) To show  $I_{CC}$  remains very low when the input-disable feature is enabled.

#### 7.4.4 AC Characteristics 1

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ , voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP. <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX.	UNIT
$t_{PLH}$ , $t_{PHL}$	Propagation delay	$C_L=5pF$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	20.6	-	ns
		$C_L=5pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$ to 1.3V	2.8	5.5	10.9	ns
		$C_L=5pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$ to 1.6V	2.2	3.9	6.1	ns
		$C_L=5pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$ to 1.95V	1.9	3.2	4.8	ns
		$C_L=5pF$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$ to 2.7V	1.6	2.6	3.6	ns
		$C_L=5pF$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$ to 3.6V	1.4	2.4	3.1	ns
		$C_L=10pF$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	24.0	-	ns
		$C_L=10pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$ to 1.3V	3.2	6.4	12.3	ns
		$C_L=10pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$ to 1.6V	2.1	4.5	7.3	ns
		$C_L=10pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$ to 1.95V	1.9	3.8	5.5	ns
		$C_L=10pF$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$ to 2.7V	2.1	3.2	4.2	ns
		$C_L=10pF$ ; $V_{CC}=3.0V$ to 3.6V	1.8	3.0	3.8	ns
		$C_L=15pF$ ; $V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	27.4	-	ns
		$C_L=15pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.1V$ to 1.3V	3.6	7.2	14.1	ns
		$C_L=15pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.4V$ to 1.6V	3.0	5.1	8.1	ns
		$C_L=15pF$ ; $V_{CC}=1.65V$ to 1.95V	2.2	4.3	6.3	ns
$C_L=15pF$ ; $V_{CC}=2.3V$ to 2.7V	2.0	3.7	4.9	ns		

			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.0	3.5	4.4	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	37.4	-	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	4.8	9.5	19.0	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	4.0	6.7	10.8	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.9	5.6	8.4	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.7	4.8	6.3	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.7	4.6	5.8	ns
$t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}$	Enable time	$\bar{O}E$ to Y; See Figure 8-5	$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	69.9	-	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.1	6.1	11.8	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.5	4.2	6.6	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.1	3.4	5.1	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.8	2.6	3.8	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.7	2.4	3.1	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	73.7	-	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.6	6.9	13.5	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.3	4.8	7.7	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.0	3.9	5.8	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.8	3.2	4.3	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.7	3.0	3.9	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	77.5	-	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	4.0	7.7	15.2	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	3.0	5.3	8.4	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.3	4.4	6.5	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.1	3.6	5.0	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.0	3.5	4.5	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	88.9	-	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	5.2	9.9	19.8	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	4.0	6.8	10.8	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	3.0	5.6	8.5	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.7	4.8	6.5	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.7	4.6	6.0	ns

t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Disable time	$\bar{O}E$ to Y; See Figure 8-5	C <sub>L</sub> =5pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	14.3	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	2.7	4.3	6.5	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.1	3.2	4.4	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.0	3.0	4.3	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.4	2.2	2.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.7	2.5	3.2	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	32.7	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	3.4	5.4	7.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.2	4.1	5.5	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.2	4.2	5.6	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.7	3.0	3.8	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	2.1	3.8	4.8	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	49.9	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	4.3	6.5	9.2	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	3.0	5.0	6.5	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	3.0	5.3	6.6	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	2.1	3.8	4.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	2.9	5.0	6.2	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =30pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	60.8	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	6.0	9.9	13.3	ns
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	4.4	7.7	9.6	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	5.1	8.7	11.1	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	3.6	6.2	7.4	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	5.2	8.7	10.5	ns			

(1) All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.

7.4.5 AC Characteristics 2

T<sub>amb</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP. <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX.	UNIT	
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay	A to Y; See Figure 8-4	C <sub>L</sub> =5pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	2.5	-	11.7	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.0	-	7.3	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	1.7	-	6.1	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.4	-	4.3	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.2	-	3.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	3.0	-	13.8	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	1.9	-	8.5	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	1.7	-	6.8	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.6	-	5.3	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.6	-	4.6	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	3.3	-	15.8	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.5	-	9.8	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.0	-	7.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.8	-	6.0	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.8	-	5.4	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =30pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	4.4	-	21.6	ns
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	3.0	-	13.0	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.6	-	10.3	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	2.5	-	7.8	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	2.5	-	7.5	ns			
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>	Enable time	OE to Y; See Figure 8-5	C <sub>L</sub> =5pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	2.9	-	13.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.3	-	7.7	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.0	-	6.2	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.7	-	4.5	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF;	1.7	-	3.5	ns

			$V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$				
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=1.1V$ to $1.3V$	3.4	-	15.8	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=1.4V$ to $1.6V$	2.2	-	8.6	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=1.65V$ to $1.95V$	1.9	-	6.8	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$	1.7	-	5.3	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$	1.7	-	4.3	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=1.1V$ to $1.3V$	3.7	-	17.6	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=1.4V$ to $1.6V$	2.5	-	9.8	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=1.65V$ to $1.95V$	2.1	-	7.7	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$	2.0	-	6.1	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$	1.9	-	4.9	ns
			$C_L=30pF; V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=30pF; V_{CC}=1.1V$ to $1.3V$	4.8	-	22.8	ns
			$C_L=30pF; V_{CC}=1.4V$ to $1.6V$	3.1	-	12.6	ns
			$C_L=30pF; V_{CC}=1.65V$ to $1.95V$	2.8	-	10.2	ns
			$C_L=30pF; V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$	2.6	-	7.8	ns
			$C_L=30pF; V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$	2.6	-	6.9	ns
$t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}$	Disable time	$\bar{O}E$ to Y; See Figure 8-5	$C_L=5pF; V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=5pF; V_{CC}=1.1V$ to $1.3V$	2.7	-	7.3	ns
			$C_L=5pF; V_{CC}=1.4V$ to $1.6V$	2.1	-	5.1	ns
			$C_L=5pF; V_{CC}=1.65V$ to $1.95V$	2.0	-	5.0	ns
			$C_L=5pF; V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$	1.4	-	3.3	ns
			$C_L=5pF; V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$	1.7	-	3.4	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=1.1V$ to $1.3V$	3.4	-	8.8	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=1.4V$ to $1.6V$	2.2	-	6.2	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=1.65V$ to $1.95V$	1.9	-	6.3	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=2.3V$ to $2.7V$	1.7	-	4.5	ns
			$C_L=10pF; V_{CC}=3.0V$ to $3.6V$	1.7	-	5.0	ns
			$C_L=15pF; V_{CC}=0.8V$	-	-	-	ns

			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.7	-	10.3	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.5	-	7.4	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.1	-	7.4	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.0	-	5.1	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.9	-	6.6	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	4.8	-	14.8	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	3.1	-	10.7	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.8	-	12.4	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.6	-	8.6	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.6	-	10.8	ns

(1) All typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$ .

### 7.4.6 AC Characteristics 3

$T_{amb} = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$ , voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP. <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX.	UNIT	
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Propagation delay	A to Y; See Figure 8-4	$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	2.5	-	12.9	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.0	-	8.1	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	1.7	-	6.7	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.4	-	4.9	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.2	-	4.4	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.0	-	15.2	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	1.9	-	9.4	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	1.7	-	7.6	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.6	-	5.9	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.6	-	5.2	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.3	-	17.5	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.5	-	10.9	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.0	-	8.8	ns
$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.8	-	6.7	ns			

			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.8	-	6.1	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	4.4	-	24.0	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	3.0	-	14.5	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.6	-	11.5	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.5	-	8.7	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.5	-	8.3	ns
$t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}$	Enable time	$\bar{O}E$ to Y; See Figure 8-5	$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	2.9	-	15.4	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.3	-	8.3	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.0	-	6.8	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.7	-	5.0	ns
			$C_L=5\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.7	-	3.9	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.4	-	17.5	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.2	-	9.4	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	1.9	-	7.4	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	1.7	-	5.9	ns
			$C_L=10\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.7	-	4.8	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	3.7	-	19.6	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	2.5	-	10.7	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.1	-	8.5	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.0	-	6.8	ns
			$C_L=15\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	1.9	-	5.5	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=0.8\text{V}$	-	-	-	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.1\text{V to }1.3\text{V}$	4.8	-	25.3	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.4\text{V to }1.6\text{V}$	3.1	-	14.1	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=1.65\text{V to }1.95\text{V}$	2.8	-	11.3	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=2.3\text{V to }2.7\text{V}$	2.6	-	8.8	ns
			$C_L=30\text{pF}; V_{CC}=3.0\text{V to }3.6\text{V}$	2.6	-	7.7	ns

t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Disable time	OE to Y; See Figure 8-5	C <sub>L</sub> =5pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	2.7	-	8.2	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.1	-	5.7	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.0	-	5.7	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.4	-	4.1	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =5pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.7	-	3.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	3.4	-	9.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.2	-	7.1	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	1.9	-	7.1	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	1.7	-	5.1	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =10pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.7	-	5.6	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	3.7	-	11.6	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	2.5	-	8.4	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.1	-	8.9	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	2.0	-	6.4	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =15pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	1.9	-	7.4	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =30pF;V <sub>CC</sub> =0.8V	-	-	-	ns
			C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.1V to 1.3V	4.8	-	16.5	ns
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.4V to 1.6V	3.1	-	12.1	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =1.65V to 1.95V	2.8	-	13.8	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =2.3V to 2.7V	2.6	-	9.6	ns			
C <sub>L</sub> =30pF; V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V	2.6	-	13.1	ns			

(1) All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.

## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

The CJ74AUP1G125 provides a single non-inverting buffer/line driver with 3-state output. The 3-state output is controlled by the output enable input (/OE). A HIGH level at pin /OE causes the output to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. This device has the input-disable feature, which allows floating input signals. The inputs are disabled when the output enable input /OE is HIGH.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8V to 3.6V.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram

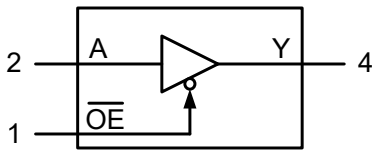


Figure 8-1 Logic symbol

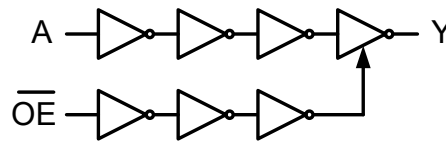


Figure 8-2 Logic diagram

### 8.3 Function Table<sup>(1)</sup>

INPUT		OUTPUT
$\overline{OE}$	A	Y
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

(1) H=HIGH voltage level; L=LOW voltage level; X=Don't care; Z=high-impedance OFF-state.

### 8.4 Testing Circuit

#### 8.4.1 AC Testing Circuit

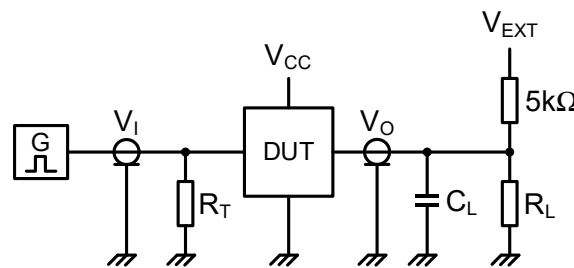


Figure 8-3 Test circuit for measuring switching times

Definitions for test circuit:

$R_L$ =Load resistance.

$C_L$ =Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

$R_T$ =Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator.

$V_{EXT}$ =External voltage for measuring switching times.

8.4.2 AC Testing Waveforms

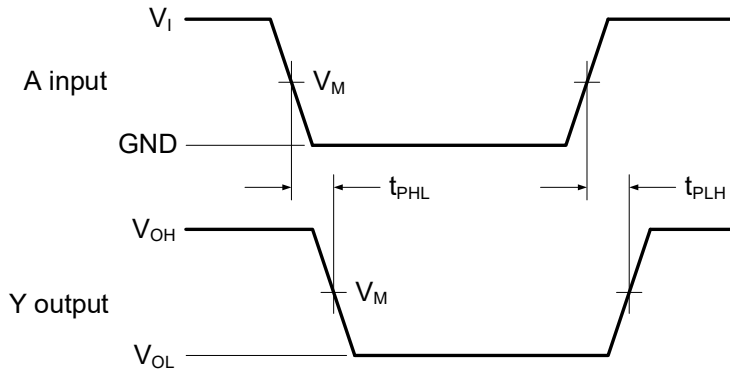


Figure 8-4 The data input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays

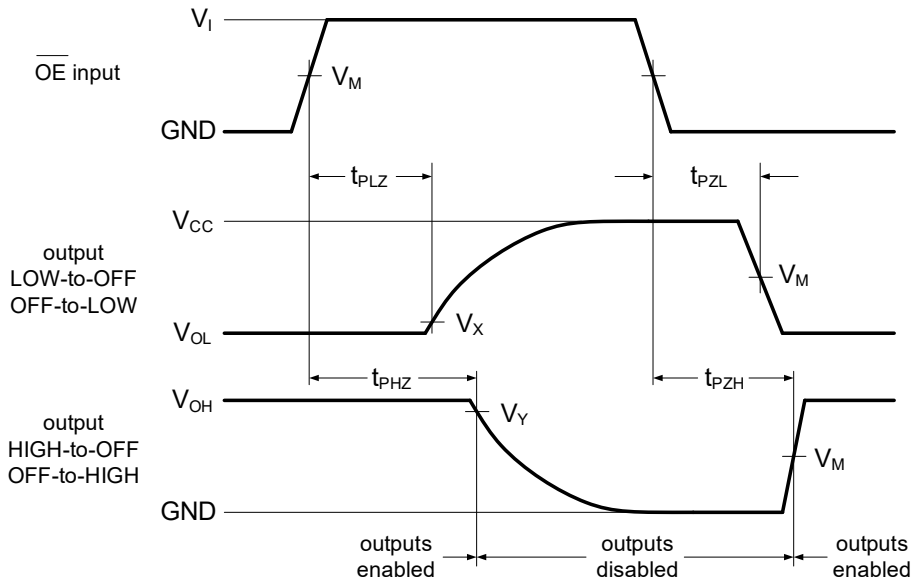


Figure 8-5 3-state enable and disable times

8.4.3 Measurement Points

SUPPLY VOLTAGE	INPUT			OUTPUT		
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>I</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> =t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>Y</sub>
0.8V to 1.6V	0.5xV <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤3.0ns	0.5xV <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.1V	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.1V
1.65V to 2.7V	0.5xV <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤3.0ns	0.5xV <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.15V	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.15V
3.0V to 3.6V	0.5xV <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤3.0ns	0.5xV <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.3V

8.4.4 Test Data

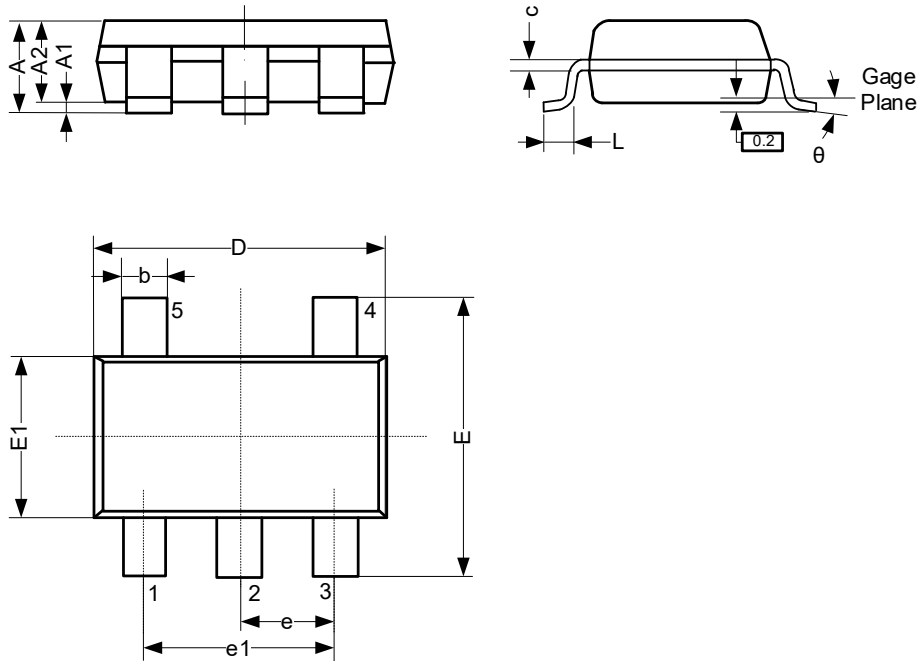
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	LOAD		V <sub>EXT</sub>		
V <sub>CC</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8V to 3.6V	5pF, 10pF, 15pF and 30pF	5kΩ or 1MΩ	Open	GND	2xV <sub>CC</sub>

(1) For measuring enable and disable times R<sub>L</sub>=5kΩ, for measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width R<sub>L</sub>=1MΩ.

9 Mechanical Information

9.1 SOT-23-5L Mechanical Information

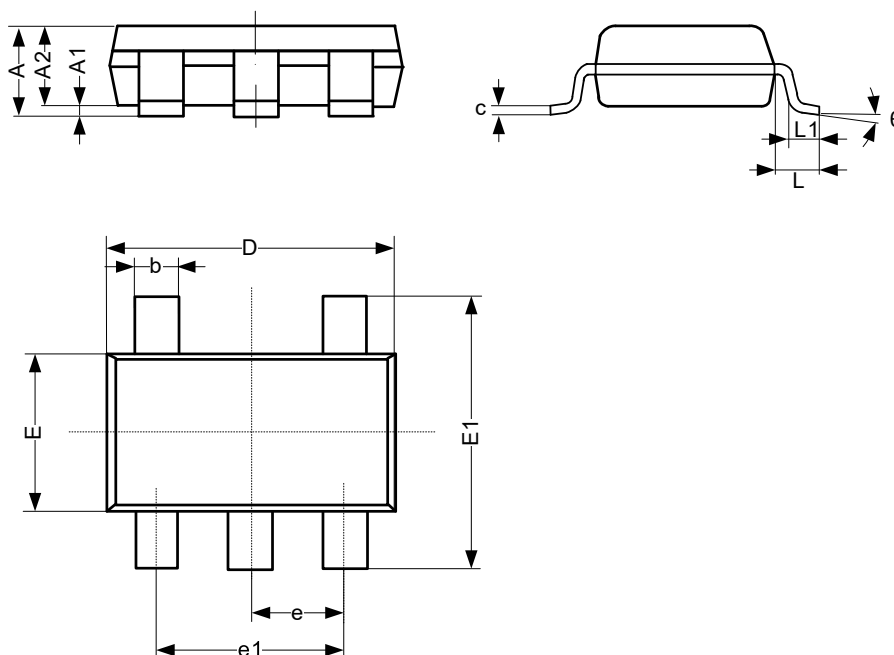
9.1.1 SOT-23-5L Outline Dimensions



SYMBOL	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	-	-	1.26
A1	0.00	-	0.12
A2	1.00	-	1.20
b	0.30	-	0.50
c	0.10	-	0.20
D	2.82	-	3.02
E	2.60	-	3.00
E1	1.50	-	1.70
e	0.95 BSC		
e1	1.80	-	2.00
L	0.30	-	0.60
θ	0°	-	8°
Unit: mm			

9.2 SOT-353 Mechanical Information

9.2.1 SOT-353 Outline Dimensions



SYMBOL	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.90	-	1.10
A1	0.00	-	0.10
A2	0.90	-	1.00
b	0.15	-	0.35
c	0.11	-	0.175
D	2.00	-	2.20
E	1.15	-	1.35
E1	2.15	-	2.45
e	0.65 BSC		
e1	1.20	-	1.40
L	-	0.525	-
L1	0.26	-	0.46
$\theta$	0°	-	8°
Unit: mm			

## 10 Notes and Revision History

### 10.1 Associated Product Family and Others

To view other products of the same type or IC products of other types, click the official website of JSCJ -- <https://www.jscj-elec.com> for more details.

### 10.2 Notes

#### Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This IC may be damaged by ESD. Relevant personnel shall comply with correct installation and use specifications to avoid ESD damage to the IC. If appropriate measures are not taken to prevent ESD damage, the hazards caused by ESD include but are not limited to degradation of integrated circuit performance or complete damage of integrated circuit. For some precision integrated circuits, a very small parameter change may cause the whole device to be inconsistent with its published specifications.

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