

Triple 2-channel Analog Multiplexer/Demultiplexer

CJ74HC/HCT4053

Logic

1 Introduction

The CJ74HC/HCT4053 is a triple single-pole double-throw analog switch (3xSPDT) suitable for use in analog or digital 2:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer applications. Each switch features a digital select input (Sn), two independent inputs/outputs (nY0 and nY1) and a common input/output (nZ). A digital enable input (/E) is common to all switches. When /E is HIGH, the switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of V_{CC}.

2 Available Packages

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
CJ74HC4053	SOP16
	TSSOP16
CJ74HCT4053	SOP16
	TSSOP16

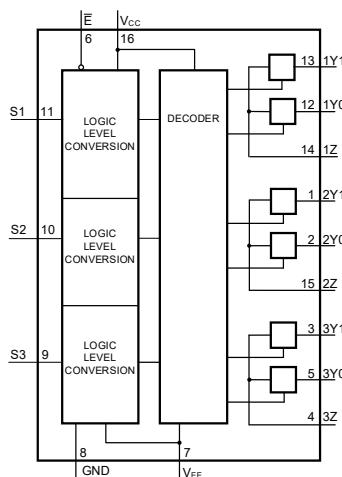
Note: For all available packages, please refer to the part Orderable Information.

3 Features

- Wide analog input voltage range from -4.5V to +4.5V
- Wide supply voltage range
 - CJ74HC4053: from 3V to 9V
 - CJ74HCT4053: from 4.5V to 5.5V
- Low ON resistance:
 - 80Ω (typical) at V_{CC}-V_{EE}=4.5V
 - 70Ω (typical) at V_{CC}-V_{EE}=6.0V
 - 60Ω (typical) at V_{CC}-V_{EE}=9.0V
- Typical “break before make” built-in
- Specified from -40°C to +125°C

4 Applications

- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating



Functional diagram

5 Orderable Information

DEVICE	PACKAGE	OP TEMP	ECO PLAN	MSL	PACKING OPTION	SORT
CJ74HC4053AEN	SOP16	-40~125°C	RoHS & Green	Level 3 168HR	Tape and Reel 4000 Units / Reel	Active
CJ74HCT4053AEN	SOP16	-40~125°C	RoHS & Green	Level 3 168HR	Tape and Reel 4000 Units / Reel	Active
CJ74HC4053BEN	TSSOP16	-40~125°C	RoHS & Green	Level 3 168HR	Tape and Reel 5000 Units / Reel	Active
CJ74HCT4053BEN	TSSOP16	-40~125°C	RoHS & Green	Level 3 168HR	Tape and Reel 5000 Units / Reel	Active

Note:

ECO PLAN: For the RoHS and Green certification standards of this product, please refer to the official report provided by JSCJ.

MSL: Moisture Sensitivity Level. Determined according to JEDEC industry standard classification.

SORT: Specifically defined as follows:

Active: Recommended for new products;

Customized: Products manufactured to meet the specific needs of customers;

Preview: The device has been released and has not been fully mass produced. The sample may or may not be available;

NoRD: It is not recommended to use the device for new design. The device is only produced for the needs of existing customers;

Obsolete: The device has been discontinued.

6 Pin Configuration and Marking Information

6.1 Pin Configuration

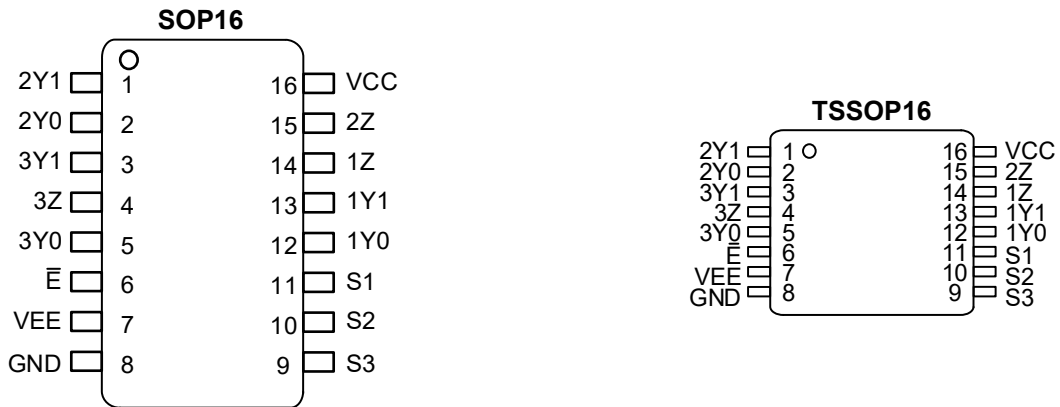


Figure 6-1 Pin configuration

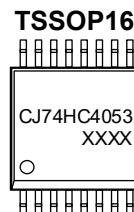
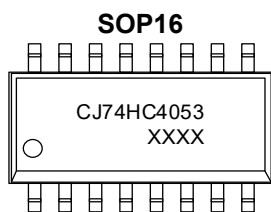
6.2 Pin Function

PIN		I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
No.	NAME		
1	2Y1	I/O	Independent input or output
2	2Y0	I/O	Independent input or output
3	3Y1	I/O	Independent input or output
4	3Z	I/O	Common output or input
5	3Y0	I/O	Independent input or output
6	\bar{E}	I	Enable input (active LOW)
7	VEE	P	Supply voltage
8	GND	G	Ground supply voltage
9	S3	I	Select input
10	S2	I	Select input
11	S1	I	Select input
12	1Y0	I/O	Independent input or output
13	1Y1	I/O	Independent input or output
14	1Z	I/O	Common output or input
15	2Z	I/O	Common output or input
16	VCC	P	Supply voltage

(1) I-Input, O-Output, P-Power, G-Ground

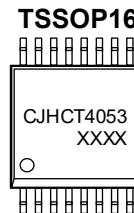
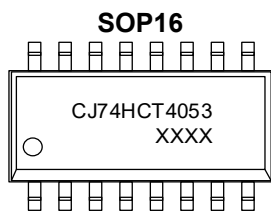
6.3 Marking Information

6.3.1 CJ74HC4053



XXXX: Code, indicates weekly record information.

6.3.2 CJ74HCT4053



XXXX: Code, indicates weekly record information.

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	- (1)	-0.5	+11.0	V
I _{IK}	Input clamping current	V _I < -0.5 V or V _I > V _{CC} + 0.5 V	-	±20	mA
I _{SK}	Switch clamping current	V _{SW} < -0.5 V or V _{SW} > V _{CC} + 0.5 V	-	±20	mA
I _{SW}	Switch current	-0.5 V < V _{SW} < V _{CC} + 0.5 V	-	±25	mA
I _{EE}	Supply current	-	-	±20	mA
I _{CC}	Supply current	-	-	50	mA
I _{GND}	Ground current	-	-	-50	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-	-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	Total power dissipation	-	-	500	mW
P	Power dissipation	Per switch	-	100	mW
T _L	Soldering temperature	10s		260	°C
					SOP/TSSOP

- (1) To avoid drawing V_{CC} current out of terminal nZ, when switch current flows into terminals nYn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no V_{CC} current will flow out of terminals nYn, and in this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at nYn and nZ may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE}.

7.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
CJ74HC4053						
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	V _{CC} -GND	3.0	5.0	9.0	V
		V _{CC} -V _{EE}	3.0	5.0	9.0	V
V _I	Input voltage	-	0	-	V _{CC}	V
V _{SW}	Switch voltage	-	V _{EE}	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	Ambient temperature	In free air	-40	-	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CC} =4.5 V	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		V _{CC} =6.0 V	-	-	83	ns/V
		V _{CC} =9.0 V	-	-	31	ns/V
CJ74HCT4053						
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	V _{CC} -GND	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
		V _{CC} -V _{EE}	3.0	5.0	9.0	V
V _I	Input voltage	-	0	-	V _{CC}	V
V _{SW}	Switch voltage	-	V _{EE}	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	Ambient temperature	In free air	-40	-	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CC} =4.5 V	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		V _{CC} =6.0 V	-	-	-	ns/V
		V _{CC} =9.0 V	-	-	-	ns/V

7.3 Electrical Characteristics
7.3.1 DC Characteristics 1
 $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{ON(peak)}$	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is}=V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} ; $I_{SW}=1000\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	100	180	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	90	160	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	70	130	Ω
$R_{ON(rail)}$	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is}=V_{EE}$; $I_{SW}=1000\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	80	140	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	70	120	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	60	105	Ω
		$V_{is}=V_{CC}$; $I_{SW}=1000\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	90	160	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	80	140	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	65	120	Ω
ΔR_{ON}	ON resistance mismatch between channels	$V_{is}=V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	9	-	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	8	-	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	6	-	Ω

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V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$	3.15	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}$	4.2	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=9.0\text{V}$	6.3	-	-	V	
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$	-	-	1.35	V	
		$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}$	-	-	1.8	V	
		$V_{CC}=9.0\text{V}$	-	-	2.7	V	
I_i	Input leakage current	$V_{EE}=0\text{V}; V_i=V_{CC}$ or GND	$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}$	-	-	± 1.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=9.0\text{V}$	-	-	± 1.0	μA
$I_{S(OFF)}$	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}=9.0\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}; V_i=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}; V_{SW} =V_{CC}-V_{EE};$ See Figure 8-7	Per channel	-	-	± 1.0	μA
			All channels	-	-	± 1.0	μA
$I_{S(ON)}$	ON-state leakage current	$V_i=V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}; V_{SW} =V_{CC}-V_{EE}; V_{CC}=9.0\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V};$ See Figure 8-8	-	-	± 1.0	μA	
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_{EE}=0\text{V}; V_i=V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}=V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}; V_{os}=V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	$V_{CC}=6.0\text{V}$	-	-	8.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=9.0\text{V}$	-	-	16.0	μA
C_i	Input capacitance	-	-	3.5	-	pF	
C_{SW}	Switch capacitance	Independent pins nYn	-	5	-	pF	
		Common pins nZ	-	8	-	pF	

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V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$ to 5.5V	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$ to 5.5V	-	-	0.8	V
I_i	Input leakage current	$V_i=V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}=5.5\text{V}; V_{EE}=0\text{V}$	-	-	± 1.0	μA

I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V _{CC} =9.0V; V _{EE} =0V; V _I =V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} =V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; See Figure 8-7	Per channel	-	-	±1.0	uA
			All channels	-	-	±1.0	uA
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	V _{CC} =9.0V; V _{EE} =0V; V _I =V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} =V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; See Figure 8-8	-	-	±1.0	uA	
I _{CC}	Supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{is} = V _{EE} or V _{CC} ; V _{os} = V _{CC} or V _{EE}	V _{CC} =5.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	8.0	uA
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	16.0	uA
ΔI _{CC}	Additional supply current	Per input; V _I = V _{CC} - 2.1V; Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	50	180	uA	
C _I	Input capacitance	-	-	3.5	-	pF	
C _{SW}	Switch capacitance	Independent pins nYn	-	5	-	pF	
		Common pins nZ	-	8	-	pF	

Note:

- (1) V_I= V_{IH} or V_{IL}; for test circuit see Figure 8-5.
- (2) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (3) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

7.3.2 DC Characteristics 2

 T_{amb}=-40°C to +85°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	V _{is} =V _{CC} to V _{EE} ; I _{SW} =1000 uA	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	225	Ω
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	200	Ω
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	165	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	V _{is} =V _{EE} ; I _{SW} =1000 uA	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	175	Ω
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	150	Ω
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	130	Ω
		V _{is} =V _{CC} ; I _{SW} =1000 uA	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	200	Ω
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	175	Ω
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	150	Ω

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V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} =4.5V	3.15	-	-	V	
		V _{CC} =6.0V	4.2	-	-	V	
		V _{CC} =9.0V	6.3	-	-	V	
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	1.35	V	
		V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	1.8	V	
		V _{CC} =9.0V	-	-	2.7	V	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _{EE} =0V; V _I =V _{CC} or GND	V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	±1.0	uA
			V _{CC} =9.0V	-	-	±2.0	uA
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V _{CC} =9.0V; V _{EE} =0V; V _I =V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} =V _{CC} - V _{EE} ;	Per channel	-	-	±1.0	uA
			All channels	-	-	±1.0	uA

		See Figure 8-7					
$I_{S(ON)}$	ON-state leakage current	$V_I=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC}-V_{EE}$; $V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; See Figure 8-8	-	-	± 1.0	μA	
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_{EE}=0V$; $V_I=V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}=V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os}=V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	80.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=9.0V$	-	-	160.0	μA
CJ74HCT4053							
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ to $5.5 V$	2.0	-	-	V	
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ to $5.5 V$	-	-	0.8	V	
I_I	Input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 V$; $V_{EE} = 0 V$	-	-	± 1.0	μA	
$I_{S(OFF)}$	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; $V_I=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC}-V_{EE}$; See Figure 8-7	Per channel	-	-	± 1.0	μA
			All channels	-	-	± 1.0	μA
$I_{S(ON)}$	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; $V_I=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC}-V_{EE}$; See Figure 8-8	-	-	± 1.0	μA	
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	$V_{CC}=5.5V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	80.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	160	μA
ΔI_{CC}	Additional supply current	Per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1V$; Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ to $5.5 V$; $V_{EE} = 0 V$	-	-	225	μA	

Note:

- (1) $V_I=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see Figure 8-5.
- (2) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (3) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

7.3.3 DC Characteristics 3
 $T_{amb}=-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, voltages are reference to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified, unless otherwise specified..

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
$R_{ON(peak)}$	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is}=V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} ; $I_{SW}=1000 \mu A$	$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	270	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	240	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	195	Ω
$R_{ON(rail)}$	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is}=V_{EE}$; $I_{SW}=1000 \mu A$	$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	210	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	180	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	160	Ω
		$V_{is}=V_{CC}$; $I_{SW}=1000 \mu A$	$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	240	Ω
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	210	Ω
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	180	Ω
CJ74HC4053							
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	3.15	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=6.0V$	4.2	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=9.0V$	6.3	-	-	V	
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	1.35	V	

		$V_{CC}=6.0V$		-	-	1.8	V
		$V_{CC}=9.0V$		-	-	2.7	V
I_i	Input leakage current	$V_{EE}=0V$; $V_i=V_{CC}$ or GND	$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	± 1.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=9.0V$	-	-	± 2.0	μA
$I_{S(OFF)}$	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; $V_i=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; See Figure 8-7	Per channel	-	-	± 1.0	μA
			All channels	-	-	± 1.0	μA
$I_{S(ON)}$	ON-state leakage current	$V_i=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; See Figure 8-8		-	-	± 1.0	μA
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_{EE}=0V$; $V_i=V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}=V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os}=V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	160.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=9.0V$	-	-	320.0	μA
CJ74HCT4053							
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ to $5.5 V$		2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ to $5.5 V$		-	-	0.8	V
I_i	Input leakage current	$V_i = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 V$; $V_{EE} = 0 V$		-	-	± 1.0	μA
$I_{S(OFF)}$	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; $V_i=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; See Figure 8-7	Per channel	-	-	± 1.0	μA
			All channels	-	-	± 1.0	μA
$I_{S(ON)}$	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC}=9.0V$; $V_{EE}=0V$; $V_i=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} =V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; See Figure 8-8		-	-	± 1.0	μA
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_i = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	$V_{CC}=5.5V$; $V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	160.0	μA
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$; $V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	320	μA
ΔI_{CC}	Additional supply current	Per input; $V_i = V_{CC} - 2.1V$; Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ to $5.5 V$; $V_{EE} = 0 V$		-	-	245	μA

Note:

- (1) $V_i=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see Figure 8-5.
- (2) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (3) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

7.3.4 AC Characteristics 1

T_{amb}=25°C, GND = 0 V; t_r= t_f= 6 ns; C_L= 50 pF; unless otherwise specified..

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
CJ74HC4053							
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	V _{is} to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-9 ⁽¹⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	5	12	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	4	10	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	4	8	ns
t _{on}	Turn-on time	Ē to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	20	44	ns
			V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V; C _L =15pF	-	17	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	16	37	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	15	31	ns
		Sn to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	25	44	ns
			V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V; C _L =15pF	-	21	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	20	37	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	15	31	ns
t _{off}	Turn-off time	Ē to V _{os} ; R _L =1 kΩ; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	21	42	ns
			V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V; C _L =15pF	-	18	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	17	36	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	15	29	ns
		Sn to V _{os} ; R _L =1 kΩ; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	20	42	ns
			V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V; C _L =15pF	-	17	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	16	36	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	15	29	ns
C _{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance	Per switch; V _I =GND to V _{CC} ⁽⁴⁾	-	36	-	pF	
CJ74HCT4053							
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	V _{is} to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-9 ⁽¹⁾	V _{CC} =4.5 V; V _{EE} =0V	-	5	12	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	4	8	ns
t _{on}	Turn-on time	Ē to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	27	48	ns
			C _L =15pF V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V;	-	23	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	16	34	ns
		Sn to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	25	48	ns
			C _L =15pF V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V;	-	21	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	16	34	ns

t _{off}	Turn-off time	Ē to V _{os} ; R _L =1 kΩ; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	24	44	ns
			C _L =15pF V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V;	-	20	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5 V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	15	31	ns
		S _n to V _{os} ; R _L =1 kΩ; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	22	44	ns
			C _L =15pF V _{CC} =5.0V; V _{EE} =0V;	-	19	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	15	31	ns
C _{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance	Per switch; V _I = GND to V _{CC} -1.5V ⁽⁴⁾	-	36	-	pF	

Note:

- (1) t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH}.
- (2) t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL}.
- (3) t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ}.
- (4) C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in uW).
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum\{(C_L + C_{SW}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ where:
 f_i = input frequency in MHz;
 f_o = output frequency in MHz;
 N = number of inputs switching;
 $\sum\{(C_L + C_{SW}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ = sum of outputs;
 C_L = output load capacitance in pF;
 C_{SW} = switch capacitance in pF;
 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.
- (5) For test circuit see Figure 8-11.
- (6) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (7) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

7.3.5 AC Characteristics 2

T_{amb}=-40°C to +85°C, GND=0V; t_r = t_f = 6ns; C_L=50pF; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
CJ74HC4053						
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	V _{is} to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-9 ⁽¹⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	15 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	13 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	10 ns
t _{on}	Turn-on time	Ē to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	55 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	47 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	39 ns
		S _n to V _{os} ; R _L =∞ Ω; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	55 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	47 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	-	39 ns
t _{off}	Turn-off time	Ē to V _{os} ; R _L =1 kΩ; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	53 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V; V _{EE} =0V	-	-	45 ns

			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	36	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	53	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	45	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	36	ns
CJ74HCT4053							
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty\ \Omega$; See Figure 8-9 ⁽¹⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	15	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	10	ns
t_{on}	Turn-on time	\bar{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty\ \Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	60	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	43	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty\ \Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	60	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	43	ns
t_{off}	Turn-off time	\bar{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	55	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	39	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	55	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	39	ns

Note:

- (1) t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- (2) t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} .
- (3) t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- (4) For test circuit see Figure 8-11.
- (5) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (6) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

7.3.6 AC Characteristics 3

$T_{amb}=-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $GND=0V$; $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ns}$; $C_L=50\text{pF}$; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
CJ74HC4053							
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty\ \Omega$; See Figure 8-9 ⁽¹⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	18	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	15	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	12	ns
t_{on}	Turn-on time	\bar{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty\ \Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	66	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	56	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	47	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty\ \Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	66	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	56	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	47	ns
t_{off}	Turn-off time	\bar{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	63	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	54	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	44	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$;	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	63	ns

		See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=6.0V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	54	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	44	ns
CJ74HCT4053							
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty \Omega$; See Figure 8-9 ⁽¹⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	18	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	12	ns
t_{on}	Turn-on time	\bar{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty \Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	72	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	51	ns
		S_n to V_{os} ; $R_L=\infty \Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	72	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	51	ns
t_{off}	Turn-off time	\bar{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L=1 k\Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	66	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	47	ns
		S_n to V_{os} ; $R_L=1 k\Omega$; See Figure 8-10 ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=0V$	-	-	66	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V; V_{EE}=-4.5V$	-	-	47	ns

Note:

- (1) t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- (2) t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} .
- (3) t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- (4) For test circuit see Figure 8-11.
- (5) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (6) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

7.3.7 AC Characteristics 4

T_{amb}=25°C, GND=0V; C_L=50 pF; recommended conditions and typical values.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
d _{sin}	Sine-wave distortion	f _i =1 kHz; R _L =10 kΩ; See Figure 8-12	V _{is} =4.0V (p-p); V _{CC} =2.25V; V _{EE} =-2.25V	-	0.04	-	%
			V _{is} =8.0V (p-p); V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	0.02	-	%
		f _i =10 kHz; R _L =10 kΩ; See Figure 8-12	V _{is} =4.0V (p-p); V _{CC} =2.25V; V _{EE} =-2.25V	-	0.12	-	%
			V _{is} =8.0V (p-p); V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	0.06	-	%
α _{iso}	Isolation (OFF-state)	R _L = 600 Ω; f _i = 1 MHz; See Figure 8-13	V _{CC} =2.25V; V _{EE} =-2.25V ⁽¹⁾	-	-50	-	dB
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V ⁽¹⁾	-	-50	-	dB
Xtalk	Crosstalk	Between two switches/multiplexers; R _L =600 Ω; f _i =1 MHz; See Figure 8-14	V _{CC} =2.25V; V _{EE} =-2.25V ⁽¹⁾	-	-60	-	dB
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V ⁽¹⁾	-	-60	-	dB
V _{ct}	Crosstalk voltage	Peak-to-peak value; Between control and any switch; R _L = 600 Ω; f _i = 1MHz; E or Sn square wave between V _{CC} and GND; t _r = t _f = 6 ns; See Figure 8-15	V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =0V	-	110	-	mV
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V	-	220	-	mV
f _(-3dB)	-3dB frequency response	R _L =50 Ω; See Figure 8-16	V _{CC} =2.25V; V _{EE} =-2.25V ⁽²⁾	-	160	-	MHz
			V _{CC} =4.5V; V _{EE} =-4.5V ⁽²⁾	-	170	-	MHz

Note:

- (1) Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).
- (2) Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level at V_{os} for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).
- (3) V_{is} is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
- (4) V_{os} is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The CJ74HC/HCT4053 is a triple single-pole double-throw analog switch (3xSPDT) suitable for use in analog or digital 2:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer applications. Each switch features a digital select input (S_n), two independent inputs/outputs (nY_0 and nY_1) and a common input/output (nZ). A digital enable input ($/E$) is common to all switches. When $/E$ is HIGH, the switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of V_{CC} .

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

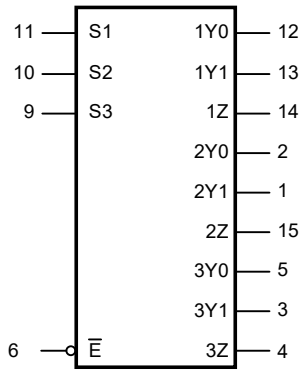


Figure 8-1 Logic symbol

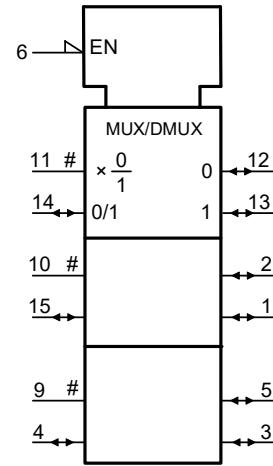


Figure 8-2 IEC logic symbol

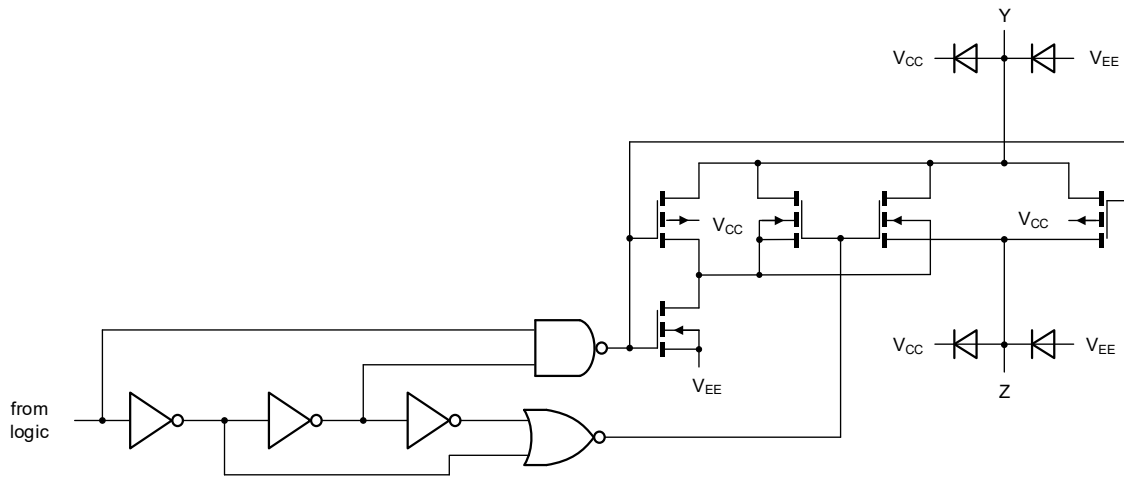


Figure 8-3 Schematic diagram (one switch)

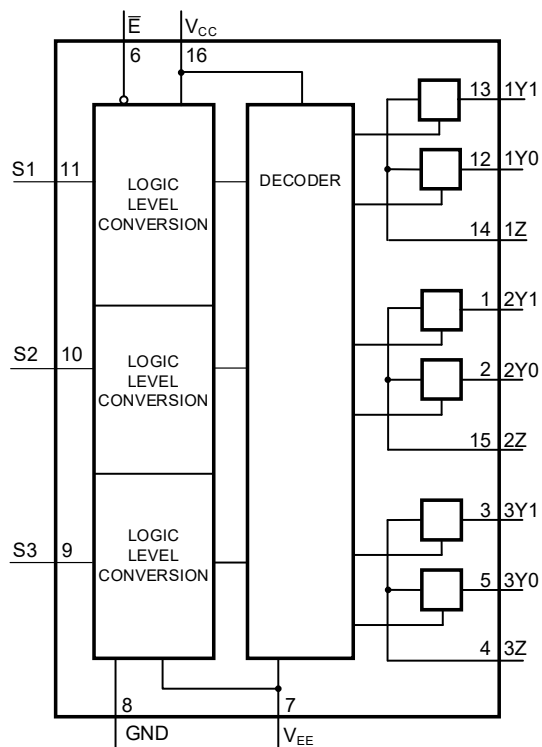


Figure 8-4 Functional diagram

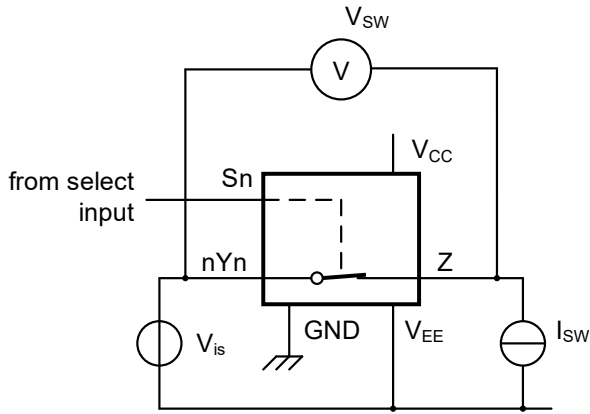
8.3 Function Table⁽¹⁾

INPUT		CHANNEL ON
\bar{E}	S_n	
L	L	nY0 to nZ
L	H	nY1 to nZ
H	X	Switches off

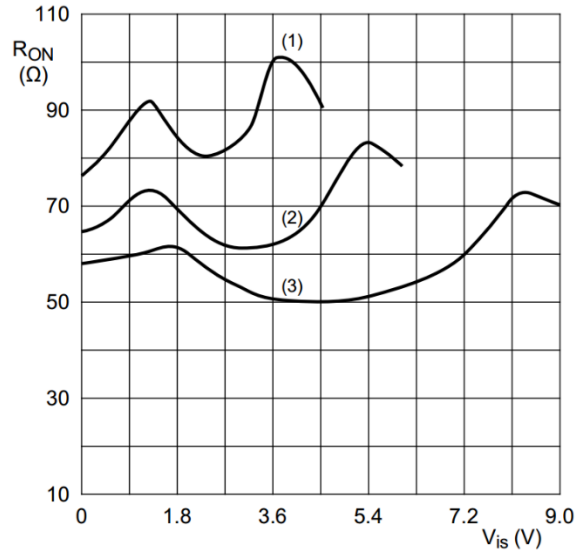
(1) H=HIGH voltage level; L=LOW voltage level; X=don't care.

8.4 Testing Circuit

8.4.1 DC Testing Circuit 1



$V_{is}=0V \text{ to } (V_{CC}-V_{EE})$
 $R_{ON}=V_{SW}/I_{SW}$

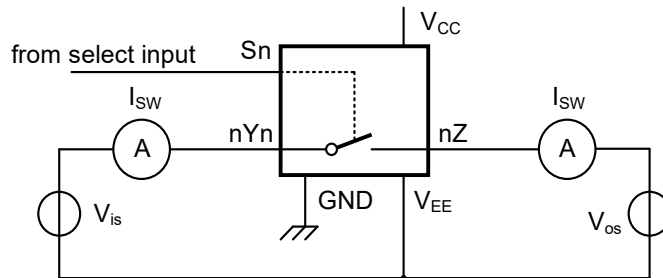


$V_{is}=0V \text{ to } (V_{CC}-V_{EE})$
 (1) $V_{CC}=4.5V$
 (2) $V_{CC}=6V$
 (3) $V_{CC}=9V$

Figure 8-5 Test circuit for measuring R_{ON}

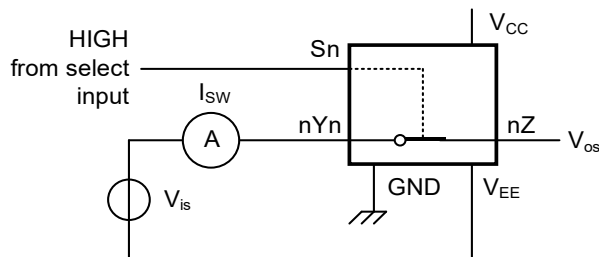
Figure 8-6 Typical R_{ON} as a function of input voltage V_{is}

8.4.2 DC Testing Circuit 2



$V_{is} = V_{CC} \text{ and } V_{os}=V_{EE}$
 $V_{is} = V_{EE} \text{ and } V_{os}=V_{CC}$

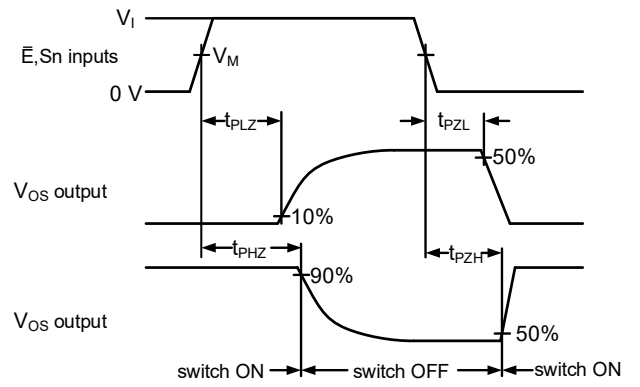
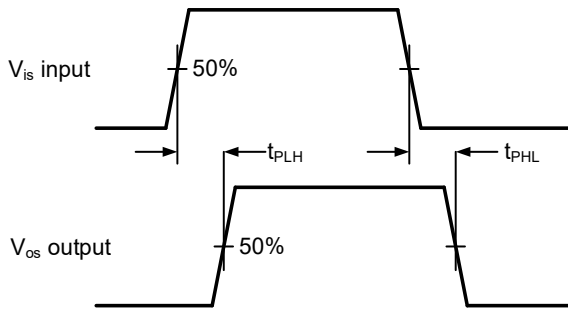
Figure 8-7 Test circuit for measuring OFF-state current



$V_{is}= V_{CC} \text{ and } V_{os}=\text{open-circuit}$
 $V_{is}= V_{EE} \text{ and } V_{os}=\text{open-circuit}$

Figure 8-8 Test circuit for measuring ON-state current

8.4.3 AC Testing Waveforms



For CJ74HC4053: $V_M=0.5 \times V_{CC}$
 For CJ74HCT4053: $V_M=1.3V$

Figure 8-9 Input (V_{is}) to output (V_{os}) propagation delays

Figure 8-10 Turn-on and turn-off times

8.4.4 AC Testing Circuit 1

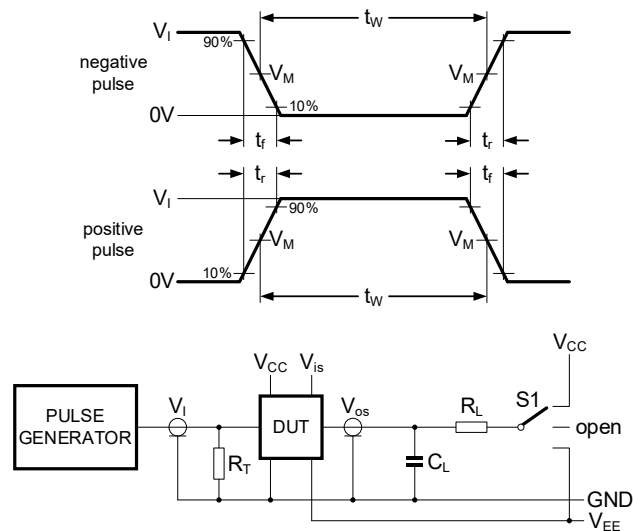


Figure 8-11 Test circuit for measuring switching times

Definitions for test circuit:

R_T = termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_O of the pulse generator.

C_L = load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_L = load resistance. S1 = Test selection switch.

8.4.5 AC Testing Circuit 2

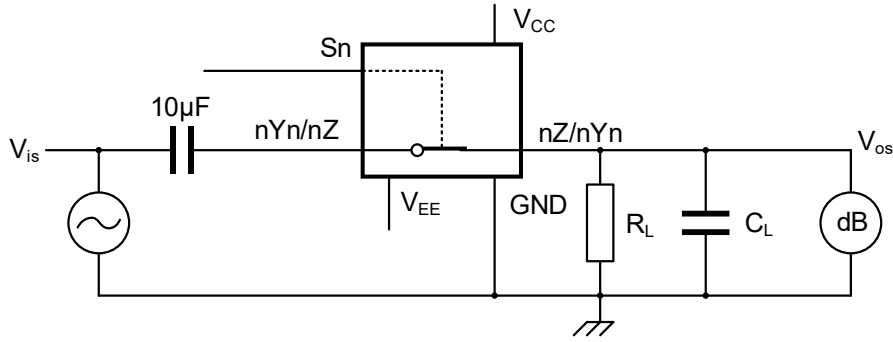
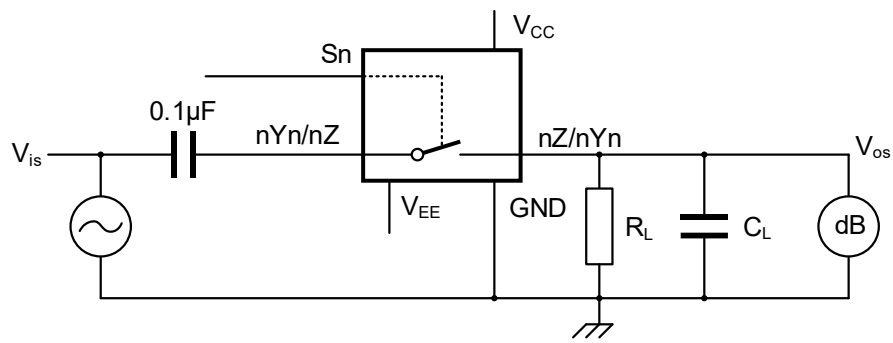
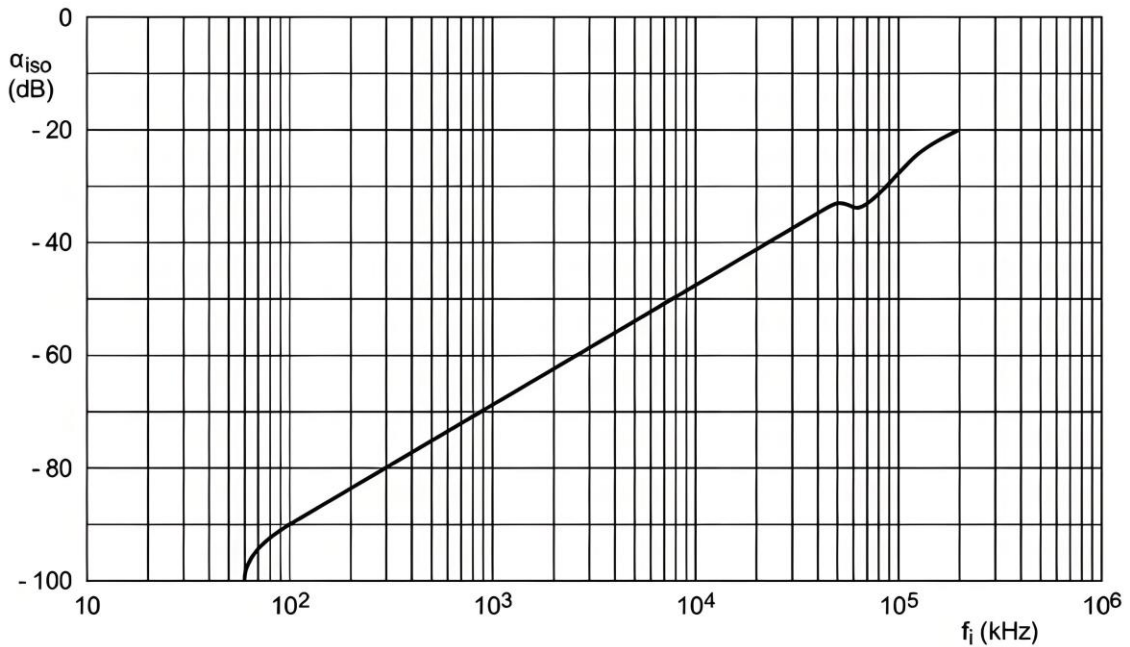


Figure 8-12 Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion



$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $GND = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$; $R_L = 600\ \Omega$; $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$

a. Test circuit



b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

Figure 8-13 Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

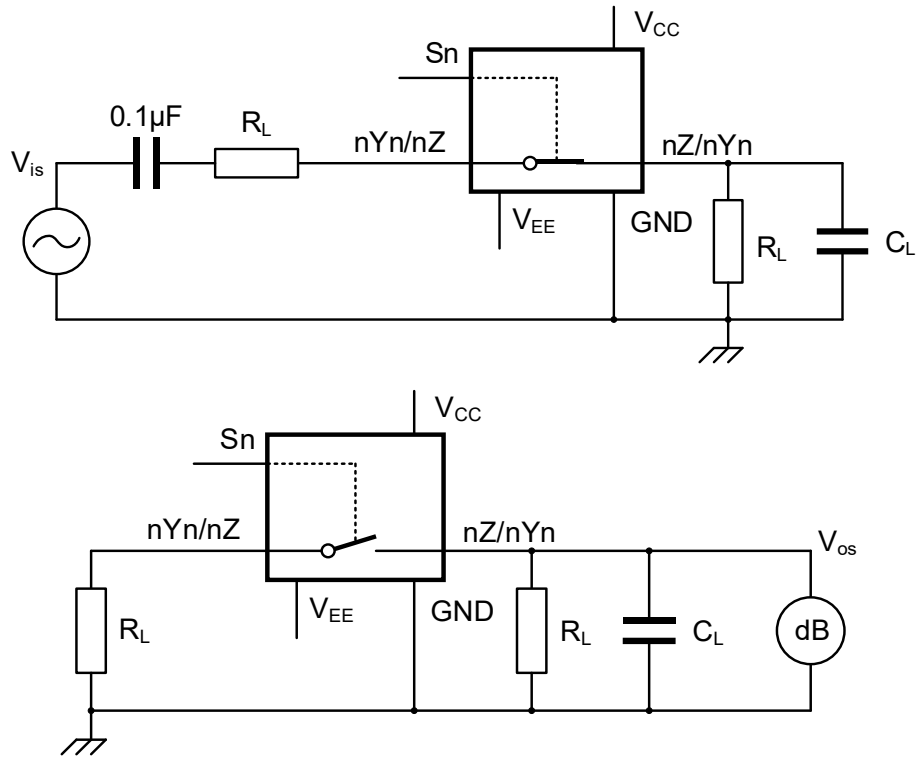


Figure 8-14 Test circuits for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch

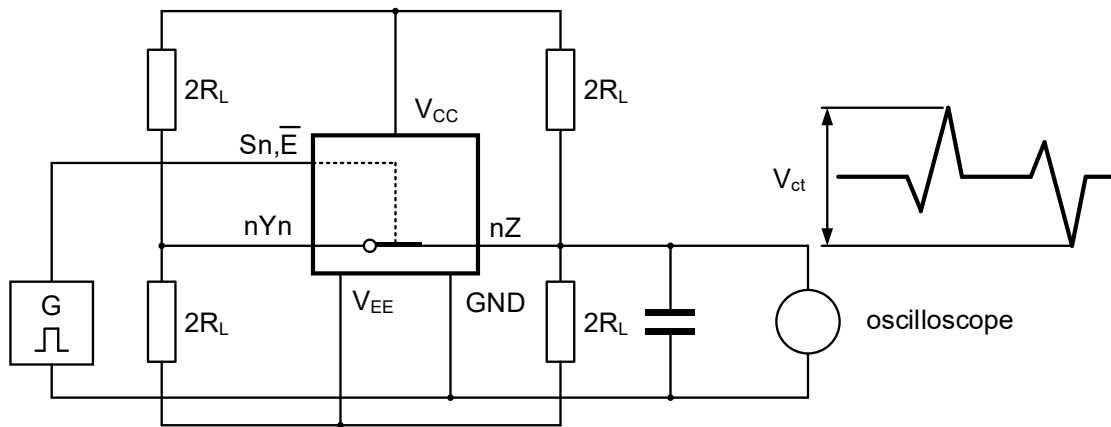
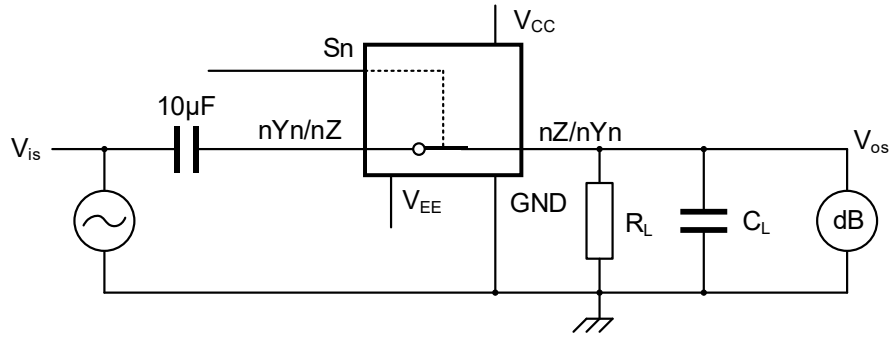
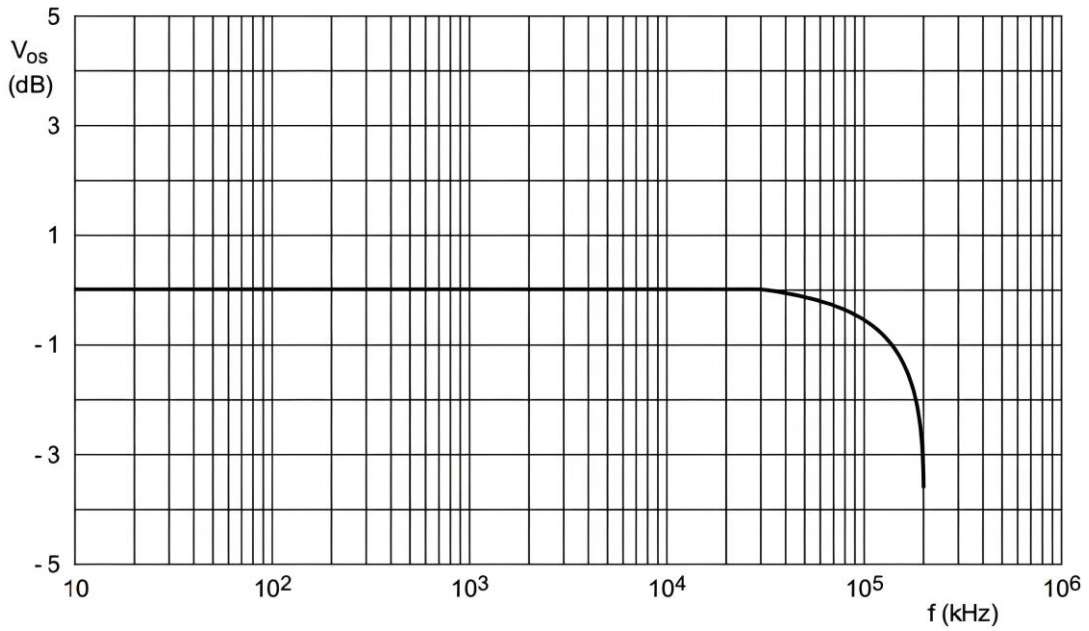


Figure 8-15 Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch



$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; \text{GND} = 0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}; R_L = 50\ \Omega; R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$

a. Test circuit



b. Typical frequency response

Figure 8-16 Test circuit for frequency response

8.4.6 Test Data

TEST	INPUT				LOAD		S1 POSITION
	V _I	V _{is}	t _r , t _f		C _L	R _L	
			at f _{max}	Other ⁽¹⁾			
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	(2)	Pulse	<2ns	6ns	50pF	1kΩ	Open
t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	(2)	V _{CC}	<2ns	6ns	50pF	1kΩ	V _{EE}
t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}	(2)	V _{EE}	<2ns	6ns	50pF	1kΩ	V _{CC}

(1) t_r = t_f = 6 ns; when measuring f_{max}, there is no constraint to t_r and t_f with 50 % duty factor.

(2) V_I values:

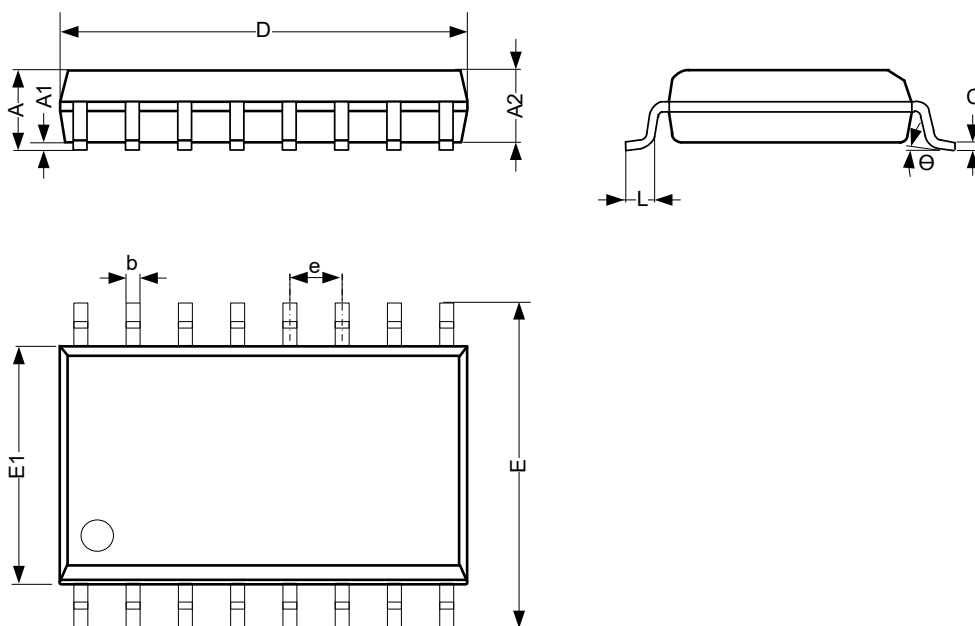
For CJ74HC4053: V_I = V_{CC}.

For CJ74HCT4053: V_I = 3V.

9 Mechanical Information

9.1 SOP16 Mechanical Information

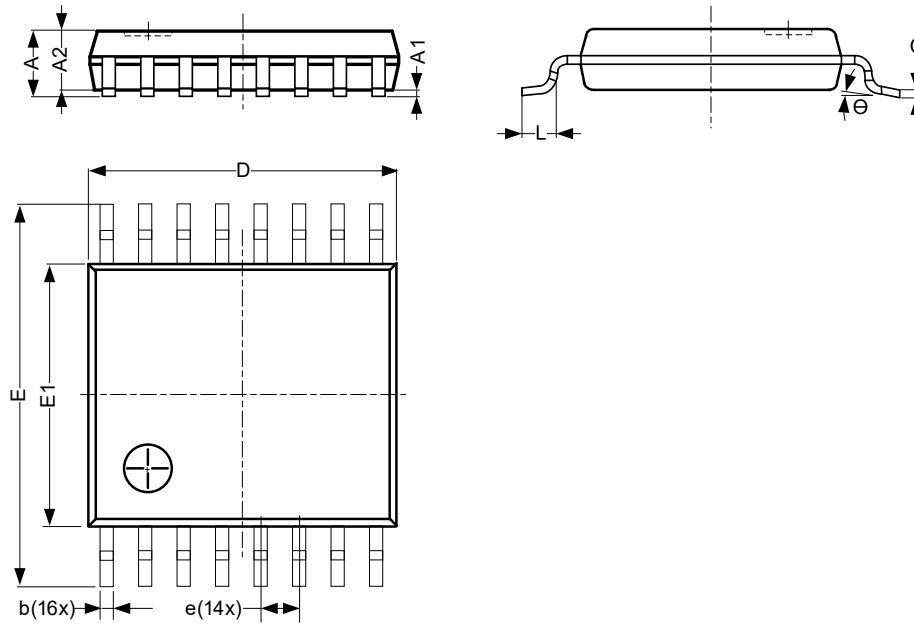
9.1.1 SOP16 Outline Dimensions



SYMBOL	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	1.35	-	1.80
A1	0.10	-	0.25
A2	1.25	-	1.55
b	0.33	-	0.51
c	0.19	-	0.25
D	9.50	-	10.10
E	5.80	-	6.30
E1	3.70	-	4.10
e	1.27 BSC		
L	0.35	-	0.89
θ	0°	-	8°
Unit: mm			

9.2 TSSOP16 Mechanical Information

9.2.1 TSSOP16 Outline Dimensions



SYMBOL	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	-	-	1.20
A1	0.05	-	0.15
A2	0.80	-	1.05
b	0.19	-	0.30
c	0.09	-	0.20
D	4.90	-	5.10
E	6.20	-	6.60
E1	4.30	-	4.50
e	0.65 BSC		
L	0.45	-	0.75
Θ	0°	-	8°
Unit: mm			

10 Notes and Revision History

10.1 Associated Product Family and Others

To view other products of the same type or IC products of other types, click the official website of JSCJ -- <https://www.jscj-elec.com> for more details.

10.2 Notes

Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This IC may be damaged by ESD. Relevant personnel shall comply with correct installation and use specifications to avoid ESD damage to the IC. If appropriate measures are not taken to prevent ESD damage, the hazards caused by ESD include but are not limited to degradation of integrated circuit performance or complete damage of integrated circuit. For some precision integrated circuits, a very small parameter change may cause the whole device to be inconsistent with its published specifications.

DISCLAIMER

IMPORTANT NOTICE, PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

The information in this data sheet is intended to describe the operation and characteristics of our products. JSCJ has the right to make any modification, enhancement, improvement, correction or other changes to any content in this data sheet, including but not limited to specification parameters, circuit design and application information, without prior notice.

Any person who purchases or uses JSCJ products for design shall: 1. Select products suitable for circuit application and design; 2. Design, verify and test the rationality of circuit design; 3. Procedures to ensure that the design complies with relevant laws and regulations and the requirements of such laws and regulations. JSCJ makes no warranty or representation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this data sheet and assumes no responsibility for the application or use of any of the products described in this data sheet.

Without the written consent of JSCJ, this product shall not be used in occasions requiring high quality or high reliability, including but not limited to the following occasions: medical equipment, military facilities and aerospace. JSCJ shall not be responsible for casualties or property losses caused by abnormal use or application of this product.

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